

冬期講習

高1 M



平岡塾

1. 次の各文は基本 5 文型のどれに当たるか。その番号を記入せよ。

- ① S + V
- ② S + V + C
- ③ S + V + O
- ④ S + V + O + O
- ⑤ S + V + O + C

- (1) Necessity is the mother of invention.
- (2) Time flies like an arrow.
- (3) Every one thinks his own burden the heaviest.
- (4) No one sees his own faults.
- (5) Tall trees catch much wind.
- (6) They elected him chairman.
- (7) Father taught me how to fish.
- (8) Her voice was very soft and pleasant.
- (9) English, in some form, has long served as the world language.
- (10) This morning I took a slow walk to the park.

2. 次の各文の空所に、下にあげた動詞の中から適当なものを選んで補え。各動詞は一度だけ使うこと。

- (1) The babies () sleeping in the nursery room.
- (2) Let's () friends for ever.
- (3) Are you going to () your son to college?
- (4) They always () beautiful songs for us.
- (5) Do you () sure that it is right?
- (6) Who are you going to () chairman?
- (7) In fall leaves () red and yellow.
- (8) I'll () my son do his homework at once.
(remain, sing, feel, lie, think, make, lend, send, elect, turn)

3. 次の各対になっている文の下線を施した動詞の意味に注意して和訳せよ。

- (1) (a) The mother lay beside her baby on the bed.
(b) She lay awake all through the night.
- (2) (a) I felt the house shake.
(b) I felt a little better the next day.
- (3) (a) Tom did not appear at the party.
(b) The old gentleman did not appear rich.
- (4) (a) The lawyer proved his innocence.
(b) The man proved an ideal husband.
- (5) (a) At the door he sounded the bell.
(b) His story sounded true to me.
- (6) (a) At the words he went red with anger.
(b) The machine went well all the day.

4. 次の各文を 5 文型に分類し、意味を日本語で書け。

- (1) China has always been for Westerners the most mysterious country.
- (2) The girl is a little below average in mathematics.
- (3) Nothing truly valuable arises from ambition or from mere sense of duty.

- (4) Those great scientists of the 19th century left us a remarkable legacy.
- (5) We should give most of our time to some practical work.
- (6) You should never keep the engine running at an idle speed.

5. 次のそれぞれの文には、文法または語法上の誤りがそれぞれ 1 箇所ある。その誤りを訂正せよ。

- (1) We were all surprised that Tom was determined to marry with Jane, who had just finished high school.
- (2) Since it was an unusually hot day, my dog laid under the tree all afternoon and did not bark at passers-by as he normally did.

6. 次の英文の下線を施した動詞(A)~(H)は、それぞれ次にあげる 5 種類の動詞のどれに当たるか。その番号を記入せよ。

- 1. 完全自動詞: (SV の文型の V)
- 2. 不完全自動詞: (SVC の文型の V)
- 3. 完全他動詞: (SVO の文型の V)
- 4. 授与動詞 (二重目的他動詞): (SVOO の文型の V)
- 5. 不完全他動詞: (SVOC の文型の V)

There was once a king, whose queen (A)had hair of the purest gold, and was so beautiful that her match was not to be met with on the whole face of the earth. But this beautiful queen (B)fell ill, and when she (C)felt her end drawing near, she (D)called the king to her and said, "(E)Promise me that you will never (F)marry again, unless you meet with a wife who is as beautiful as I am, and who has golden hair like mine." Then when the king in his grief had (G)vowed all she (H)asked, she shut her eyes and died.

7. 次の各文の()の正しい答を選び、その記号を書け。

- (1) I am going to (a. lay b. lie) down for an hour.
- (2) This man always (a. tells b. says) the truth.
- (3) He has not (a. replied me b. replied to me) yet.
- (4) We (a. hanged b. hung) the picture on the wall.
- (5) I made a good (a. shot b. shoot) at the goal.
- (6) Have you not finished (a. to speak b. speaking)?
- (7) Please excuse me (a. to be b. for being) late.
- (8) It's no good (a. to get b. getting) angry at once.

8. 次の各文の空所を埋めるために適当な語を下より選び、それぞれ記号で答えよ。

- (1) Several years will () between the beginning and the end of the enterprise.
- (2) The applicants are required to () a physical examination.
- (3) I will () up my mind to stop smoking.
- (4) They () many guests to the party.
- (5) Shop-keepers had to () high prices.
(イ) make (ロ) elapse (ハ) progress (ニ) charge

(ホ) encourage (ヘ) deliver (ト) undergo (チ) invite

9. ()内の語の中から適語を選びなさい。

- (1) The teacher (told, said), "(Tell, Say) that word, again."
- (2) My mother (told, said) me to (tell, say) her the story.
- (3) I'll (bring, take) your letter to the post office when I go downtown.
- (4) Every morning before I (rise, raise), my mother comes in and (raises, rises) the shade.
- (5) He (lay, laid) down on the grass and (lay, laid) a handkerchief across his eyes.
- (6) He would not (leave, let) anyone else come in, and he would not (leave, let) the office door open either.
- (7) (Go, Come) along with me right now.
- (8) The trees are (falling, dropping) their leaves.

10. ()内に、適当な動詞を入れなさい。

- (1) John lived a happy life and () a peaceful death.
- (2) He would often () up all night playing mah-jongg.
- (3) () sure to drop in to see us tomorrow evening.
- (4) I hope you'll () after my garden when I am away.
- (5) He is, and has () for many years, the best teacher we ever had in this school.
- (6) She was () angry by his rudeness.
- (7) Slow and steady () the race.
- (8) It () little what school you are from.
- (9) The driver must () to the left side of the road.
- (10) I can't () you up as I haven't a spare room.

11. 次の文中の()の中に、下の動詞を適当な形にかえて入れなさい。

- (1) It will () you no harm.
- (2) It () ten years since he left Japan.
- (3) I can't () thinking he is a bit of a bore.
- (4) She sat silent, with her face () with her hands.
- (5) A fresh idea () to me last night.
- (6) Long before you () there, it will grow dark.
- (7) I tried to () not to notice it.
- (8) That used to be the rule, but it no longer () good.
- (9) A motorist must be able to () traffic signs.
- (10) He will () part in many school activities.
[occur do get be read hold cover appear help take]

12. 誤りがあれば正しなさい。

- (1) He was seeing out of the window when I entered the room.
- (2) We have become to like studying English.
- (3) This novel is believed to be found on fact.
- (4) His dream has turned true at last.

13. 次の各文を指示に従って書きかえなさい。

- (1) Why did he fail in the examination? (What で始めよ)
- (2) It will be necessary for him to go very soon. (have to を用いて)
- (3) I liked stories better than poems. (prefer を用いて)
- (4) I can go to the station in ten minutes on foot. (take を用いて)
- (5) His death followed close on his failure. (下線の語を動詞に)

14. 次の文中の下線部は動詞中心の成句である。[]内の説明があるものはそれを参考にして、()に適当な動詞を入れなさい。

- (1) The big plane () off easily. [left the ground]
- (2) Then I'll do exactly as you have said. You () me no choice.
- (3) You cannot expect someone will () up. [appear]
- (4) We had to () up with a lot of hardships while young.
- (5) I () across this in a curiosity shop. [found by chance]
- (6) It doesn't seem to () any difference if you yourself go there.
- (7) Who will () after the children while we are away?
- (8) Start at once. I'll soon () up with you. [overtake]
- (9) It's often easier to make plans than it is to () them out.
- (10) I () off going to the dentist's. [postponed]

15. 次の動詞の過去、過去分詞形を書きなさい。

- (1) occur (2) break (3) bring (4) flee (5) fly
- (6) seek (7) swear (8) permit (9) hurt (10) agree

16. ()内から適語(句)を選びなさい。

- (1) I quite agree (you, with you, to you) on that matter.
- (2) Will you please explain (me, to me) what the passage means?
- (3) At last he married (to the girl, the girl, with the girl) who he thought had loved him.
- (4) The train left (from Osaka, Osaka, off Osaka) and soon entered (into a tunnel, a tunnel, in a tunnel).
- (5) The new pantaloons become (to her, her, with her).

17. 誤りを正せ。

- (1) He was so tired that he laid down on the bed soon after he got home.
- (2) I must get my watch to mend as soon as possible.
- (3) ニュースはもう町中に広まった。
The news was already spreaded all over the town.

18. 次の動詞の活用を記入しなさい。

- (1) admit (2) know (3) agree (4) slay (5) sink